



N0W03L57

- **♦**Outline (L* H): 3.85*5.32mm
- **◆**Good thermal dissipation & optical uniformity

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Features

- Forward current: ≤30mA
- Typical viewing angle 50% Iv: 30°
- Lens color: water transparent
- RoHS and REACH-compliant
- ESD level $\leq 2kV(HBM)$

Applications

- Indoor decorating
- Outdoor lighting for amusement
- Consumer electronics
- Special applications



■ Maximum Rating(Ta=25°C)

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Characteristics	Symbol	Typical	Unit
DC Forward Current	$ m I_F$	30	mA
Pulse Forward Current*3	I_{PF}	100	mA
Reverse Current	V_R	-5	V
Power Dissipation	P_{D}	100	mW
Junction Temperature	T_{J}	110	°C
Operating Temperature Range	T_{OP}	-30-80	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T_{STG}	-40-100	°C
Soldering Temperature*4	T_{SD}	260	°C

Notes 1: There is no maximum or typical voltage parameter

2: For other ambient, limited setting of current will be depended on de-rating curves.

3: Duty 1/10, pulse width 0.01ms

4: The maximum of soldering time is 5 seconds in T_{SD}



■ Typical Product Characteristics(Ta=25□)

Characteristics	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Test condition
Forward Voltage	V_{F}	2.8	3.2	3.6	V	I _F =20mA
Leakage Current	I_R	ı	-	10	μΑ	$V_R = -5V$
Luminous Intensity	I_{V}	4900	9500	1	mcd	I _F =20mA
Colon Coordinate	X	ı	0.3080	-		I =20m A
Color Coordinate	y	-	0.3320	-	-	I _F =20mA
Viewing Angle	$\Box 2\theta$ 1/2	-	30	-	Deg	I _F =20mA

Notes: 1. Measurement Errors:

Forward Voltage: ±0.1V, Luminous Intensity: ±10%Iv, Color Coordinate: ±0.005

2. Electrical-Optical Characteristics (Ta=25°C)

■ Range of Bins

1).Forward Voltage Bins

Bin Code	Min. V _F (V)	Max. V _F (V)
В	2.8	2.9
С	2.9	3.0
D	3.0	3.1
Е	3.1	3.2
F	3.2	3.3
G	3.3	3.4
Н	3.4	3.5
I	3.5	3.6

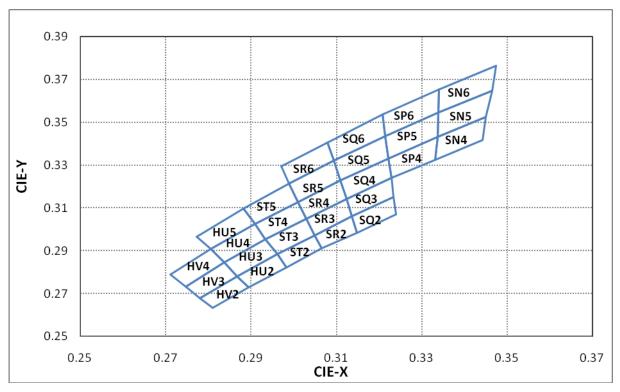
2).Luminous Intensity Bins

Bin code	Min. Iv (mcd)	Max. Iv (mcd)
24	4900	6300
25	6300	8200
26	8200	10600
27	10600	13800
28	13800	18000



■ Color Coordinate Comparison





Color Ranks

Bin Code	Х	у	Х	у	Х	у	Х	у
SN6	0.3341	0.3654	0.3339	0.3545	0.3466	0.3646	0.3475	0.3763
SN5	0.3338	0.3432	0.3450	0.3523	0.3466	0.3646	0.3339	0.3545
SN4	0.3338	0.3432	0.3332	0.3323	0.3443	0.3416	0.3450	0.3523
SP6	0.3208	0.3535	0.3214	0.3434	0.3339	0.3545	0.3341	0.3654
SP5	0.3214	0.3434	0.3222	0.3331	0.3338	0.3432	0.3339	0.3545
SP4	0.3222	0.3331	0.3229	0.3240	0.3332	0.3323	0.3338	0.3432
SQ6	0.3080	0.3405	0.3095	0.3320	0.3214	0.3434	0.3208	0.3535
SQ5	0.3095	0.3320	0.3110	0.3230	0.3222	0.3331	0.3214	0.3434
SQ4	0.3110	0.3230	0.3124	0.3142	0.3229	0.3240	0.3222	0.3331
SQ3	0.3124	0.3142	0.3136	0.3060	0.3234	0.3151	0.3229	0.3240
SQ2	0.3136	0.3060	0.3148	0.2983	0.3240	0.3070	0.3234	0.3151
SR6	0.2971	0.3295	0.2989	0.3213	0.3095	0.3320	0.3080	0.3405
SR5	0.2989	0.3213	0.3011	0.3127	0.3110	0.3230	0.3095	0.3320
SR4	0.3011	0.3127	0.3030	0.3050	0.3124	0.3142	0.3110	0.3230
SR3	0.3030	0.3050	0.3050	0.2972	0.3136	0.3060	0.3124	0.3142
SR2	0.3050	0.2972	0.3066	0.2912	0.3148	0.2983	0.3136	0.3060
ST5	0.2882	0.3098	0.2910	0.3024	0.3011	0.3127	0.2989	0.3213
ST4	0.2910	0.3024	0.2934	0.2954	0.3030	0.3050	0.3011	0.3127
ST3	0.2934	0.2954	0.2962	0.2884	0.3050	0.2972	0.3030	0.3050
ST2	0.2962	0.2884	0.2983	0.2823	0.3066	0.2912	0.3050	0.2972

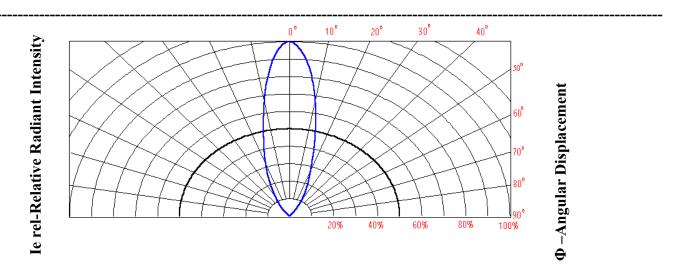


■ Color Coordinate Comparison

Color Ranks

Bin Code	Х	у	X	у	Х	у	X	у
HU5	0.2773	0.2967	0.2806	0.2908	0.2910	0.3024	0.2882	0.3098
HU4	0.2806	0.2908	0.2837	0.2845	0.2934	0.2954	0.2910	0.3024
HU3	0.2837	0.2845	0.2868	0.2781	0.2962	0.2884	0.2934	0.2954
HU2	0.2868	0.2781	0.2895	0.2730	0.2983	0.2823	0.2962	0.2884
HV4	0.2712	0.2788	0.2748	0.2732	0.2837	0.2845	0.2806	0.2908
HV3	0.2748	0.2732	0.2780	0.2680	0.2868	0.2781	0.2837	0.2845
HV2	0.2780	0.2680	0.2810	0.2634	0.2895	0.2730	0.2868	0.2781

■ Directive Characteristics(Ta=25°C)



Relative Radiant Intensity vs .Angular Displacement



■ Electronic-optical characteristics

1). Forward Current I_F-V_F 2). Relative Luminous Intensity-I_F 200 Relative Luminous Intensity (%) 180 160 140 120 100 Current IF(mA) 80 60 40 20 Forward 0 10 0 20 30 40 50 60 Forward Voltage VF(V.) Forward Current IF (mA) 3). Relative Luminous intensity-Ta 4). Forward Current I_F-Ta Forward Current IF -Ta 500 40 Relative Luminous Intensity 30 Current Ambient Temperature Ta (℃) <u>Ambient Temperature Ta (°C')</u> 6). Wavelength Characteristics (Ta=25°C) 5). Forward Voltage-Ta Voltage@20mA Normalize@25℃ 1. 1 Relative Luminous Intensity 1. 0 0. 9 Forward 20 40 600 650 Ambient Temperature Ta (C)

Wavelength λ (nm)



Dimensions

2.94 0.5 0.4 0.4

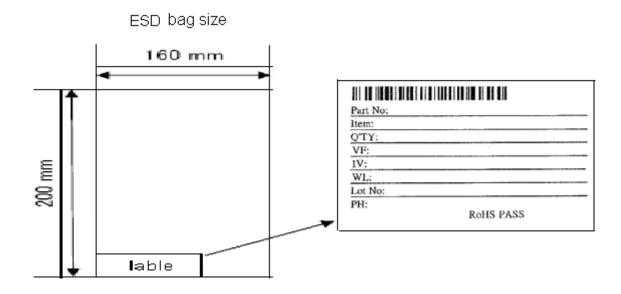
Notes: 1. All measurements are ± 0.3 mm unless otherwise indicated.

- 2. The appearance of encapsulation tolerance is ± 0.25 mm
- 3. The maximum dimensions of protruded resin flange (NOTE) is 1.0mm



Packing

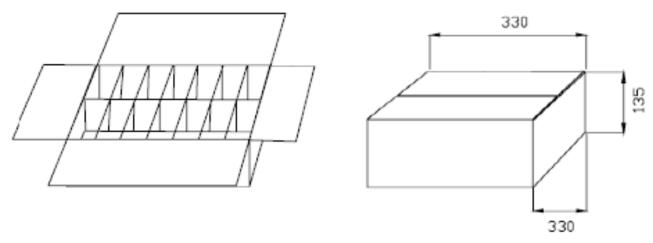
- 1. Package bag: vinyl bag(1,000pcs per bag)
- 2. Label: label as below(label on the left)



3. Package

3.1. ESD bag: 12bags per carton (12,000pcs per carton)

3.2. Carton size: 330*135*330mm



4. Falling

The falling off of the device: we have to ensure the max loss number of LAMP is 2pcs.

5. Different rank

The product of different rank will be separate in the same box



Precautions

A. Storage

It can be stored for 3 months under conditions of Temperature 23+/-5 and humidity 40-70%. During storage, there must not be any damage to the sealed bag, and if opened once, do not store again. After the package is opened, the products should be used within one week under the same temperature and humidity.

B. Cleaning

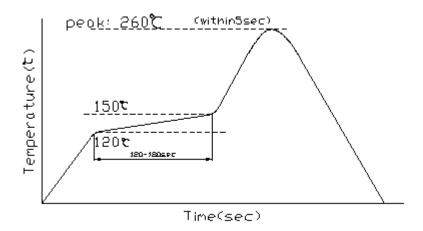
Do not use any unidentified chemical to clean LEDS, it could damage or crack the LED epoxy surface. If necessary, soak LED in alcohol for a time not exceeding one minute in normal temperature.

C. Lead Frames Shaping & Trimming

- 1. The shaping should be done underneath the wedge point. No pressure should be exerted to the epoxy shell of the LED during shaping.
 - 2. Shaping of the leads should be done before soldering.
 - 3. Lead trimming should only be done at normal temperature.

D. Soldering

- 1. When soldering, the soldering iron needs to be at least 1.6mm away from the epoxy edge. Do not apply any pressure to the epoxy encapsulation or the lead frame during the soldering process.
- 2. When reflow soldering or wave soldering, please solder once for less than 5 seconds at a maximum temperature of 265°C. During the soldering process, if the temperature or timing is not controlled within limits, it would cause the epoxy to deform or cause the die or wires within the LED to be damaged.



- 3. When using soldering iron, please solder once for less than 5 seconds at a maximum temperature of 350°C±10°C. When soldering a row of LED on a PCB, please do not solder both leads of a LED in sequence. (Solder the positive lead at first, then the negative leads)
 - 4. Do not dip the epoxy encapsulation part of LED into any soldering paste liquid.
 - 5. After soldering, do not adjust the location of the LED anymore.

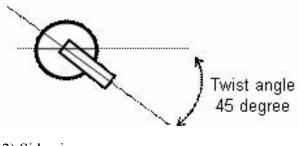
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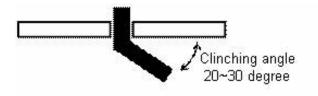
Precautions

6. LED view

1) Bottom view:



2) Side view:



E. Installation

- 1. During the installation process, do not apply any pressure to the leads.
- 2. Please make sure the installation holes on the PCB matches the leads of the LED.

F. ESD (Electrostatic Discharge)

- 1. LED is very sensitive to ESD; please make sure during the whole usage and installation process, that no ESD exist to affect the LED. Excessive ESD could damage the LED chip and result in performance degradation.
- 2. LED can also be damaged by electrical surge, please make sure any driving electrical circuits are equipped with surge protection.
- 3. During the installation process, please make sure all the equipment and personnel are grounded properly. Make use ESD protection equipment such as anti-static gloves, anti-static wrist bands, anti-static mats, anti-static clothes, anti-static shoes, and anti-static containers.
- 4. When LED come into contact with low electrical resistance metallic surfaces, the ESD could damage the LED due to sudden discharge of ESD. Please make sure all surfaces that will be in contact with LED are covered with anti-static mats (Surface electrical resistance of $10^6 \sim 10^8 \Omega/\text{sq}$). LED should be placed in anti-static containers and anti-static bags.



Precautions

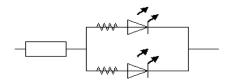
G. Recommended Usage Guidelines

1. Please only use 20mA (Lamp LED) and 30mA (High Flux LED) of forward current to drive LEDS whether one LED or multiple LEDS are being used.

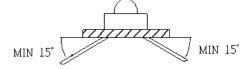
- 2. Circuit connections
 - i. Serial connection



ii. Parallel connection



- 3. Sudden surge could damage the LED interior connections. Please design circuit with care so no sudden voltage surge or current surge will show when turning the circuit on or off.
- 4. When color or brightness uniformity is required while using multiple LEDS, the LED driver condition is critical. Our company guarantees the uniformity of the LEDS from the same bin when the driver current is 20mA (Lamp LED) and 30mA (High Flux LED)
- 5. A Clinch should be performed prior to soldering .Avoid excessive stress to the LED lamps when mounting (Please carry out at the minimum angle which can hold parts. As for both anode and cathode side recommend 15°C or more .Please fully perform a mounting check in the case of use on conditions other than this.)



H. Safety

- 1. Please comply with government electrical safety code while using the LEDS.
- 2. Do not look directly into a lit LED; it could damage the eyes after only a few seconds.
- 3. Do not look directly into powered UV LEDS; it could damage the eyes after only a few seconds.

(UV LEDS are mainly used in currency validating machines)

I. Direction

- 1. We are sending you our specification and drawings for your approval. Please return to us one copy "For Approval" with your approved signatures.
- 2. Comply with HSF request of customers



■ Test Items and Results of Reliability

Test Item	Test Conditions	Duration/ Cycle	Number of Damage	Reference
Temperature Cycle	-40°C 30min ↑↓ 1 min 100°C 30min	500 cycles	0/22	JEITA ED-4701 300 303
High Temperature Storage	T _a =85°C	1000 hrs	0/22	EIAJED-4701 200 201
High Humidity Heat Life Test	$T_a=85^{\circ}C$ RH=85% $I_F=20$ mA	1000 hrs	0/22	Tested with Brightek standard
Humidity Heat Storage	T _a =85°C RH=85%	1000 hrs	0/22	EIAJED-4701 100 103
Life Test	$T_a=25^{\circ}C$ $I_F=20\text{mA}$	1000 hrs	0/22	Tested with Brightek standard
Low Temperature Life Test	T_a =-40°C I_F =20mA	1000 hrs	0/22	Tested with Brightek standard
High Temperature Life Test	$T_a=85^{\circ}C$ $I_F=20mA$	1000 hrs	0/22	Tested with Brightek standard

*Criteria for Judging						
T4 o ma	Camala al	C 1:4:	Criteria for Judgment of Pass			
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Max		
Forward Voltage	V_{F}	I _F =20mA	-	USL*1×1.1		
Reverse Current	I_R	$V_R = -5V$	-	10μΑ		
Luminous Intensity	Iv	I _F =20mA	$LSL^{*2} \times 0.7$	-		

[Note] USL*1: Upper Specification Level

LSL*²: Lower Specification Level