



**BRIGHTTEK**  
**BRIGHTTEK (EUROPE) LIMITED**

*Brighten up The World With LED!*



ISO/TS 16949:2009



BS EN ISO 14001:2004



QC 080000 IECQ HSPM

## PRODUCT DATASHEET



- ▶ CHIP LED
- ▶ 0808 (2020) 0.60t
- ▶ Infrared (IR) 940nm /  
Deep Red 655nm /  
True Green 530nm

N0D68S24



Release Date: 29 December 2025 Version: A1.0



### APPLICATIONS:

- Health Monitor
- Heart Rate Monitor
- Pulse Oximetry

**0808 (2020) 0.60t**

**RoHS  
Compliant**



### FEATURES:

- **Package:** Top View CHIP LED with White Frame
- **Forward Current:** 20/20/20mA\*
- **Forward Voltage (typ.):** 1.3/1.8/2.6V
- **Radiant Power (typ.):** 9/16/12mW@20mA
- **Radiant Intensity (typ.):** 3.45/5.34/4.22mW/sr@20mA
- **Colour:** Infrared (IR)/Deep Red/True Green
- **Peak Wavelength (typ.):** 940/655/530nm
- **Viewing Angle:** 60/60/60°
- **Materials:**
  - Resin: Epoxy (Water Clear)
  - L/T Finish: Au plated
- **Operating Temperature:** -40~+85°C
- **Storage Temperature:** -40~+85°C
- **Grouping Parameters:**
  - Forward Voltage
  - Radiant Power
  - Peak Wavelength
- **Soldering methods:** Reflow
- **MSL:** Level 3 according to J-STD020

\* In order of IR/Red/Green

## CHARACTERISTICS:

Absolute Maximum Characteristics ( $T_a=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit
DC Forward Current	$I_{FMIN}$	60/40/30*	mA
Surge Current ( $t_p \leq 2.3\text{ms}$ ; $D \leq 0.005$ )	$I_{FP}$	1000/300/750	mA
Power Consumption	$P_{tot}$	110/100/90	mW
Reverse Voltage	$V_R$	5/5/5	V
Reverse Current @5V	$I_R$	10/10/10	$\mu\text{A}$
Electrostatic withstand Voltage (HBM: C 2)	ESD	2/2/2	kV
Dimensions of Active Chip Area (LxM)	---	0.35 <sup>2</sup> /0.34 <sup>2</sup> /0.46 <sup>2</sup>	mm <sup>2</sup>
Operating Temperature	$T_{OPR}$	-40~+85	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{STG}$	-40~+85	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Soldering Temperature	$T_{SOL}$	260	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

\* In order of IR/Red/Green

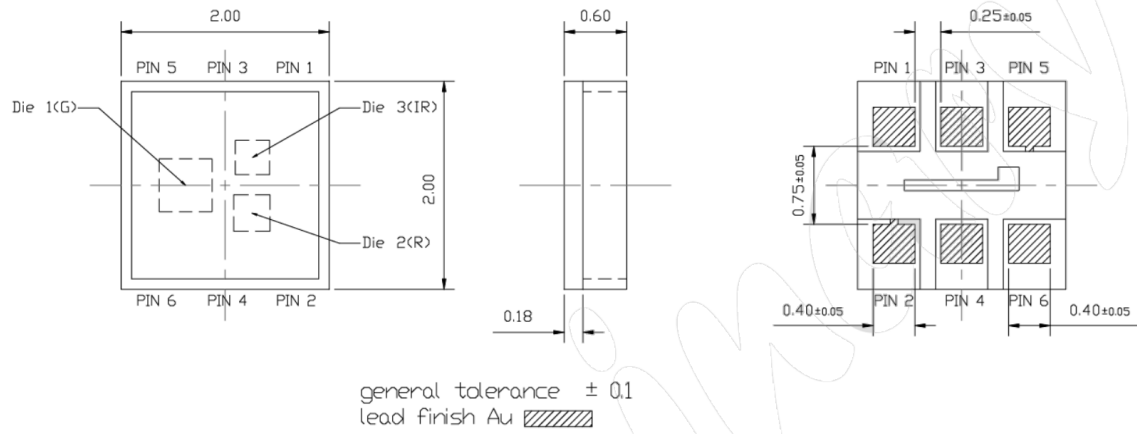
Electrical & Optical Characteristics ( $T_a=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $I_F=20\text{mA}$ ,  $t_p=20\text{ms}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Forward Voltage	$V_F$	---	1.3/1.8/2.6*	---	V	$I_F=20\text{mA}$
Radiant Power	$\Phi_e$	---	9/16/12	---	mW	$I_F=20\text{mA}$
Radiant Intensity	$I_e$	---	3.5/5.3/4.2	---	mW/sr	$I_F=20\text{mA}$
Peak Wavelength	$\lambda_P$	---	940/660/525	---	nm	$I_F=20\text{mA}$
Centroid Wavelength	$\lambda_{\text{centr}}$	931/653/523	940/655/530	950/658/542	nm	$I_F=20\text{mA}$
Spectral Bandwidth at 50% FWHM	$\Delta\lambda$	---	31/16/27	---	nm	$I_F=20\text{mA}$
Rise Time (10%/90%)	$T_r$	---	16/17/59	---	ns	$I_F=100\text{mA};$ $R_L=50\Omega$
Fall Time (10%/90%)	$T_f$	---	16/17/59	---	ns	$I_F=100\text{mA};$ $R_L=50\Omega$
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	---	60/60/60	---	deg	$I_F=20\text{mA}$

1. Radiant Power ( $P_o$ )  $\pm 10\%$ , Forward Voltage ( $V_F$ )  $\pm 0.1\text{V}$ , Viewing angle( $2\theta_{1/2}$ )  $\pm 10^{\circ}$
2. \* In order of IR/Red/Green

## OUTLINE DIMENSION:

### Package Dimension:



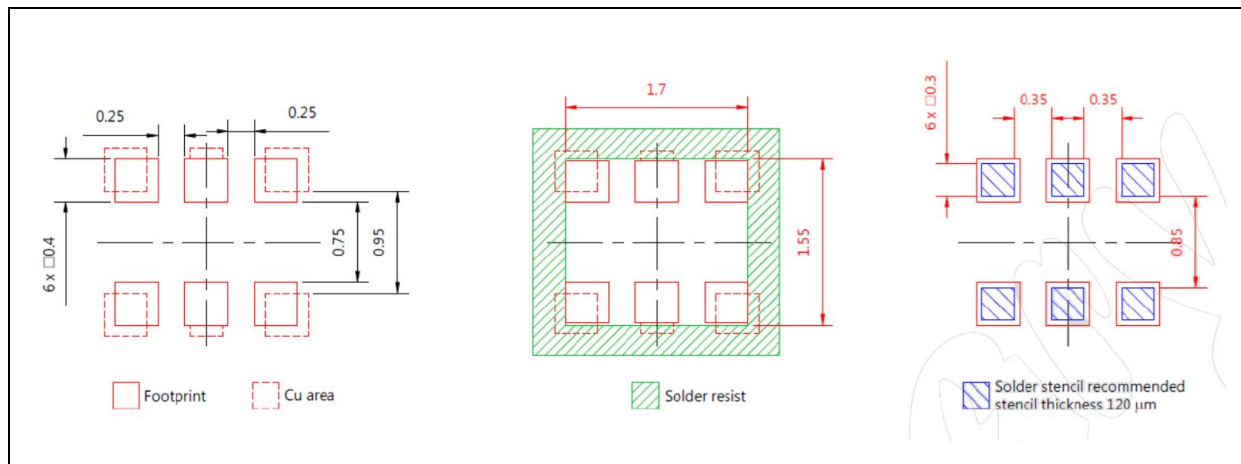
Pin	Description
1	Cathode infrared emitter (940 nm)
2	Anode green / red / infrared emitter
3	Cathode green emitter (530 nm)
4	Cathode red emitter (655 nm)
5	Anode green / red / infrared emitter
6	NC

1. All dimensions are in millimetre (mm).
2. Tolerance  $\pm 0.13$ mm, unless otherwise noted.



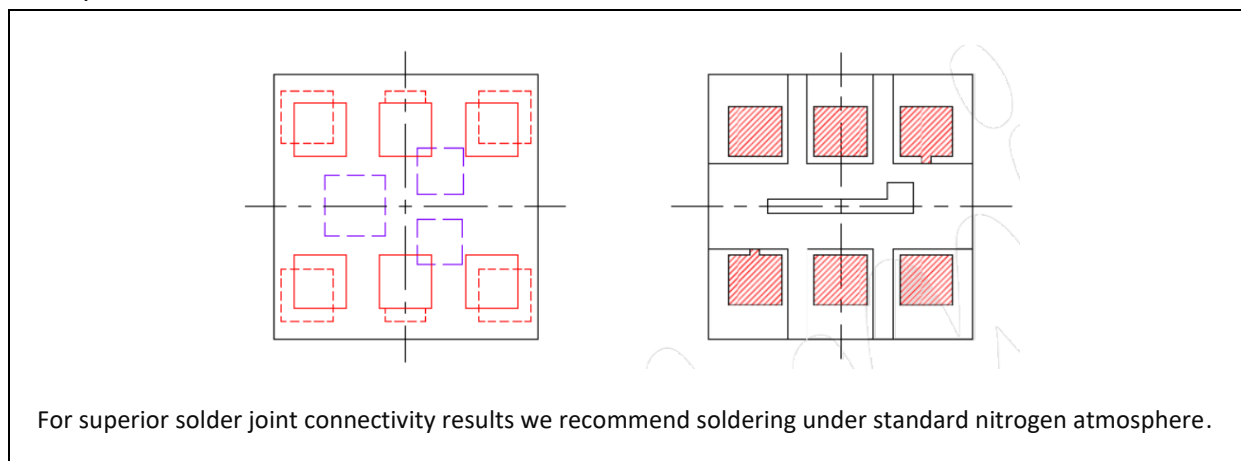
## SOLDERING PAD DIMENSION:

### Recommended Soldering Pad Dimension:



1. Dimensions are in millimetre (mm).
2. Tolerance  $\pm 0.12\text{mm}$  with angle tolerance  $\pm 0.5^\circ$ .

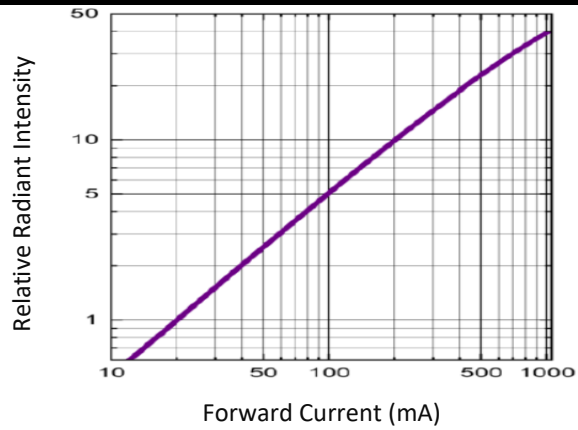
### Component's Location in Pad:



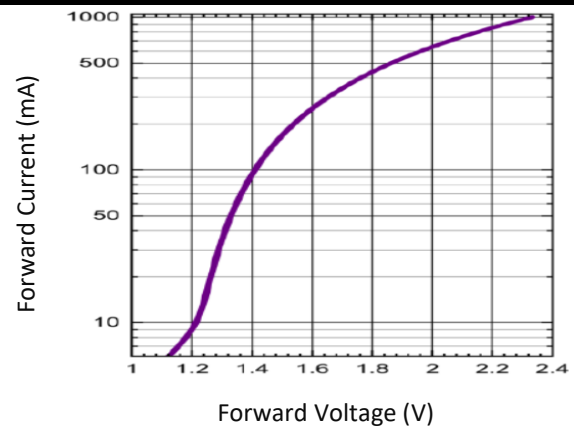
1. Dimensions are in millimetre (mm).
2. Tolerance  $\pm 0.12\text{mm}$  with angle tolerance  $\pm 0.5^\circ$ .

## ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS (IR):

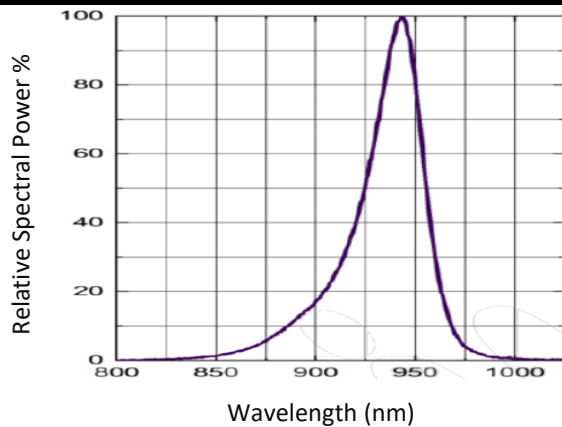
Radiant Intensity vs. Forward Current



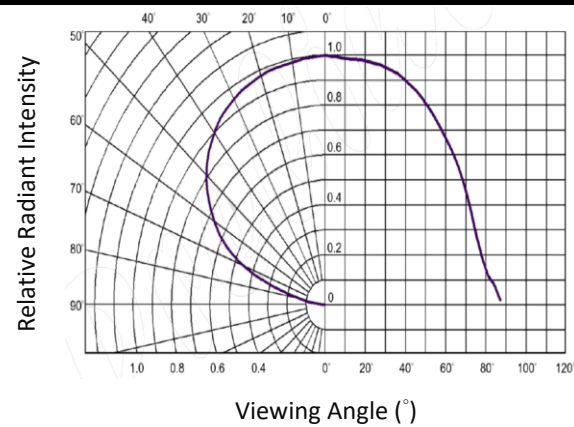
Forward Voltage vs. Forward Current



Relative Spectral Power vs. Wavelength



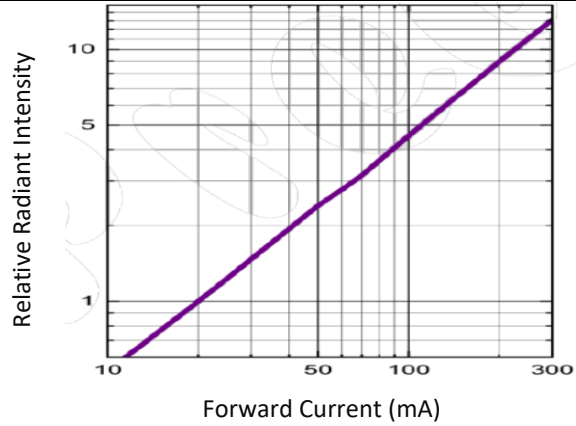
Directive Radiation



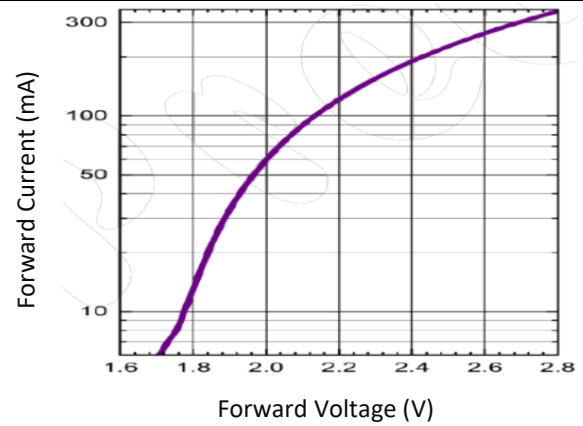


## ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS (RED):

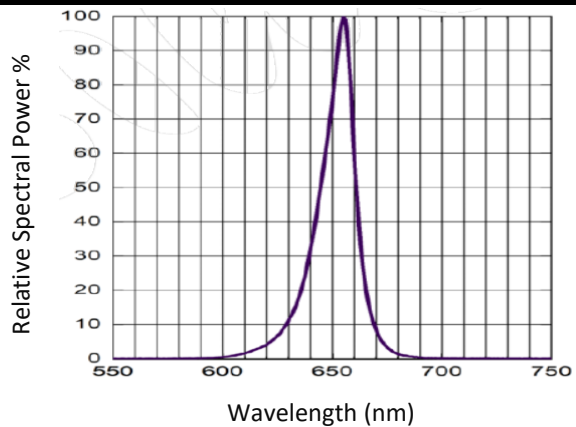
Radiant Intensity vs. Forward Current



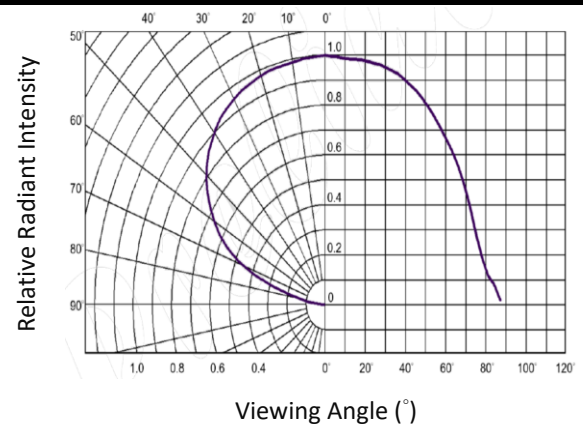
Forward Voltage vs. Forward Current



Relative Spectral Power vs. Wavelength



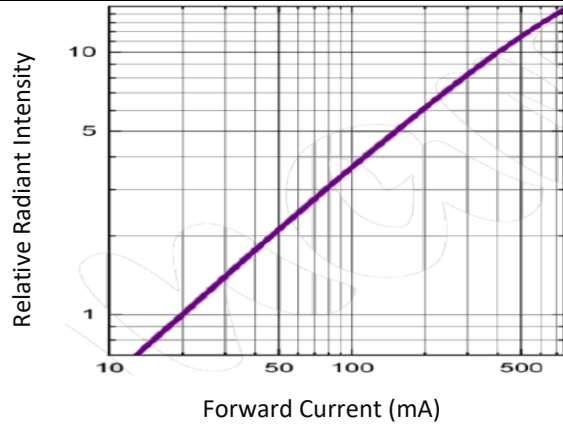
Directive Radiation



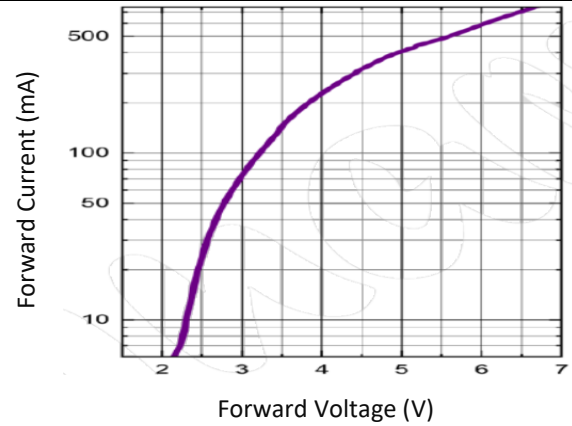


## ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS (GREEN):

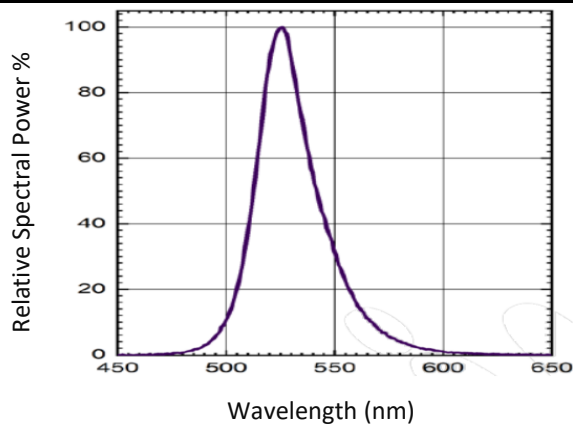
Radiant Intensity vs. Forward Current



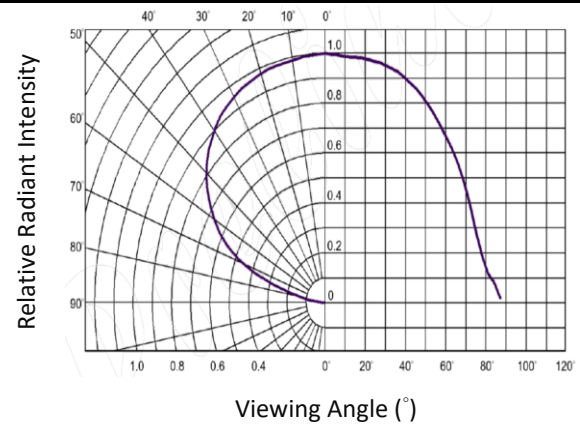
Forward Voltage vs. Forward Current



Relative Spectral Power vs. Wavelength



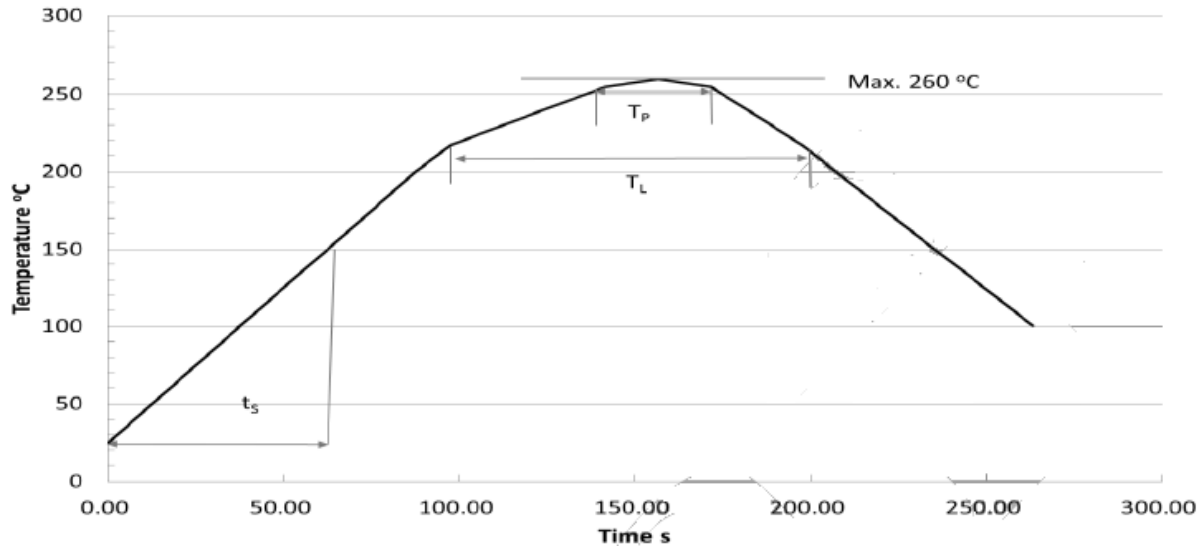
Directive Radiation





**RECOMMENDED SOLDERING PROFILE:**

Reflow Lead-free Solder:



Profile Feature	Symbol	Pb-Free (SnAgCu) Assembly			Unit
		Minimum	Recommendation	Maximum	
Ramp-up Rate to Preheat (25°C to 150°C)			2	3	K/s
Time $t_s$ ( $T_{Smin}$ to $T_{Smax}$ )	$t_s$	60	100	120	s
Ramp-up Rate to Peak ( $T_{Smax}$ to $T_P$ )			2	3	K/s
Liquidus Temperature	$T_L$	217			°C
Time above Liquidus temperature	$t_L$		80	100	s
Peak Temperature	$T_P$		245	260	°C
Time within 5 °C of the specified peaktemperature $T_P - 5$ K	$t_p$	10	20	30	s
Ramp-down Rate ( $T_P$ to 100 °C)			3	4	K/s
Time 25 °C to $T_P$				480	s

Note:

1. Maximum reflow soldering: 2 times.
2. Recommended soldering temperature is 245°C. The maximum soldering temperature should be limited to 260°C.
3. Before, during, and after soldering, should not apply stress on the components and PCB board.

## PRECAUTIONS OF USE:

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### Storage:

It is recommended to store the products in the following conditions:

- Humidity: 60% R.H. Max.
- Temperature: 5°C~30°C (41°F ~86°F).

Shelf life in sealed bag: 12 months at 5°C~30°C and <60% R.H.

Once the package is opened, the products should be used within a week. Otherwise, they should be kept in a damp-proof box with desiccating agent <10% R.H. and apply baking before use.

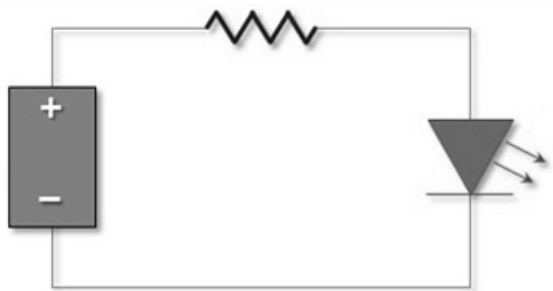
### Baking:

It is recommended to bake the LED before soldering if the pack has been unsealed for longer than 24hrs. The suggested baking conditions are as followings:

- 60±3°C x 24hrs and <5%RH, taped / reel package.

It's normal to see slight color fading of carrier (light yellow) after baking in process.

### Testing Circuit:



Must apply resistor(s) for protection (over current proof).

### Cleaning:

Use alcohol-based cleaning solvents such as isopropyl alcohol to clean the LED carrier / package. Avoid putting any stress force directly on to the LED lens.

### ESD (Electrostatic Discharge):

Static Electricity or power surge will damage the LED. Use of a conductive wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove is recommended when handling the LED all time. All devices, equipment, machinery, work tables, and storage racks must be properly grounded.

In the events of manual working in process, make sure the devices are well protected from ESD at any time.

**REVISION RECORD:**

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Version	Date	Summary of Revision
A1.0	29/12/2025	Datasheet set-up.