









Release Date: 29 July 2015 Version: A1.0

# PRODUCT DATASHEET



- ► PLCC2 SMD
- ▶ 2835 0.7t
- ► Infrared (IR) 950nm

N0F17S11





# **2835 0.7t Series**





# **FEATURES:**

Package: PLCC2 White Top View IR Emitter

Forward Current: 100mA Forward Voltage (typ.): 1.8V

Radiant Intensity (typ.): 19mW/sr@100mA

Colour: Infrared (IR) Wavelength: 950nm Viewing angle: 120°

**Materials:** 

Die: AlGaAs

Resin: Silicon (Water Clear) Operating Temperature: -40~+85°C

Storage Temperature: -40~+100°C

**ESD (HBM):** 2000V **Grouping parameters:** 

Forward voltage

Radiant intensity

Dominant wavelength

Soldering methods: Reflow Soldering Preconditioning: acc. to JEDEC Level 3

Packing: 8mm tape with 2500/reel, ø180mm (7")

#### **APPLICATIONS:**

- Sensor
- Optoelectronic Switch
- VCR
- **Smoke Detector**
- Surveillance Camera
- Security Device



### **CHARACTERISTICS:**

# Absolute Maximum Characteristics (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Forward Current	I <sub>F</sub>	100	mA
Peak Forward Current (Width≤100μS; duty≤1%)	I <sub>FP</sub>	200	mA
Reverse Current @5V	I <sub>R</sub>	5	μΑ
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	140	mW
Electrostatic Discharge (HBM)	ESD	2000	V
Operating Temperature	T <sub>OPR</sub>	-40~+85	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	-40~+100	°C

# Electrical & Optical Characteristics (Ta=25°C)

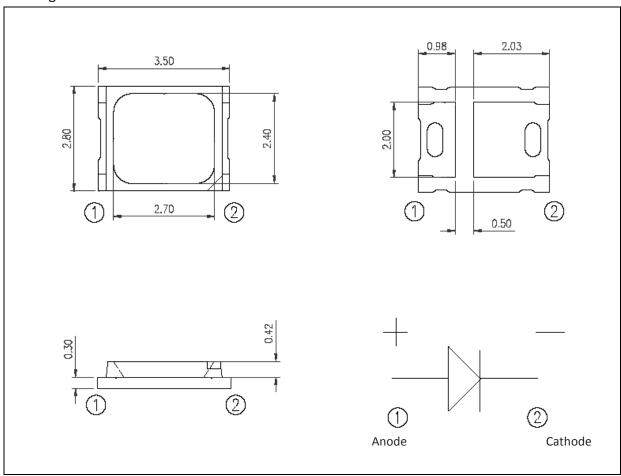
Darameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Test
Parameter	Parameter Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Condition
Forward Voltage	$V_{F}$	1.5		2.0	V	I <sub>F</sub> =100mA
Radiant Intensity	I <sub>E</sub>	10		25	mW/sr	I <sub>F</sub> =100mA
Peak Wavelength	$\lambda_{P}$	925	950	970	nm	I <sub>F</sub> =100mA
Viewing Angle	2θ <sub>1/2</sub>		120		deg	I <sub>F</sub> =100mA

 $<sup>1. \</sup>hspace{0.5cm} \text{Radiant intensity (I$_{\hspace{-0.05cm}\text{V}}$) $\pm 10\%$, Forward Voltage (V$_{\hspace{-0.05cm}\text{F}}$) $\pm 0.1$V, Viewing angle ($2\theta_{1/2}$) $\pm 5\%$, Wavelength ($\lambda$) $\pm 0.1$nm}$ 



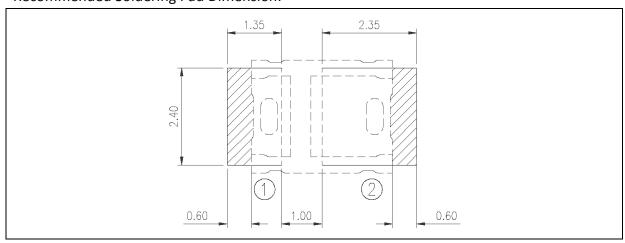
# **OUTLINE DIMENSION:**

# Package Dimension:



- 1. All dimensions are in millimetre (mm).
- 2. Tolerance ±0.1mm, unless otherwise noted.

# **Recommended Soldering Pad Dimension:**



- 1. Dimensions are in millimetre (mm).
- 2. Tolerance ±0.1mm with angle tolerance ±0.5°.



# **BINNING GROUPS:**

# Forward Voltage Classifications ( $I_F = 100 \text{mA}$ ):

Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	
A1	1.50	1.75	V	
A2	1.75	2.00	1 V	

# Radiant Intensity Classifications ( $I_F = 100 \text{mA}$ ):

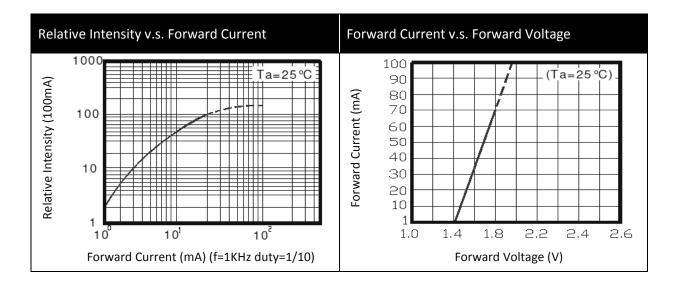
Code	Min.	Max.	Unit
А	10.0	14.5	
В	14.5	20.5	mW/sr
C1	20.5	25.0	

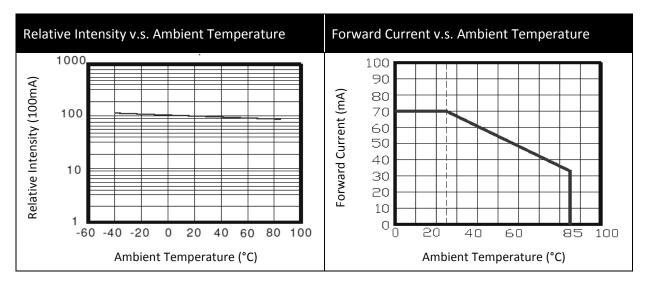
# Dominant Wavelength Classifications (I<sub>F</sub> = 100mA):

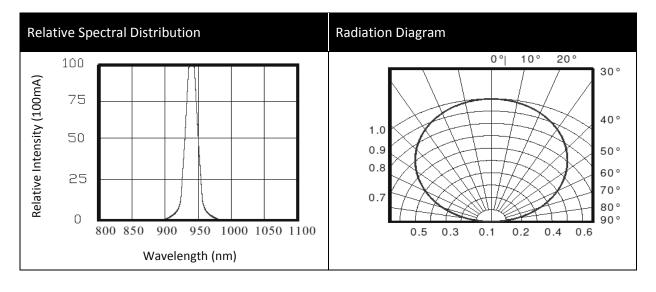
Code	Min.	Max.	Unit
В	925	975	nm



#### **ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS:**





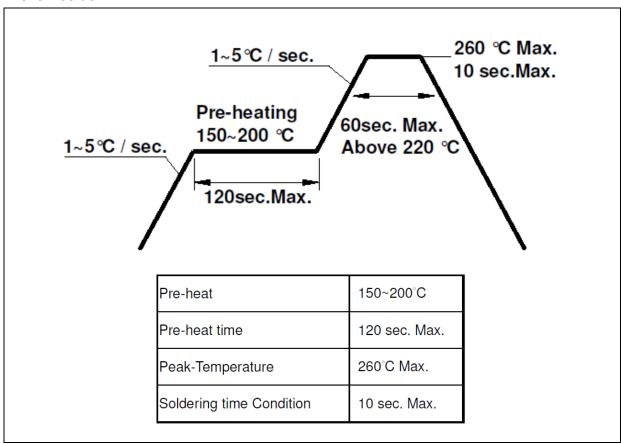


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#### **RECOMMENDED SOLDERING PROFILE:**

#### Reflow Solder:



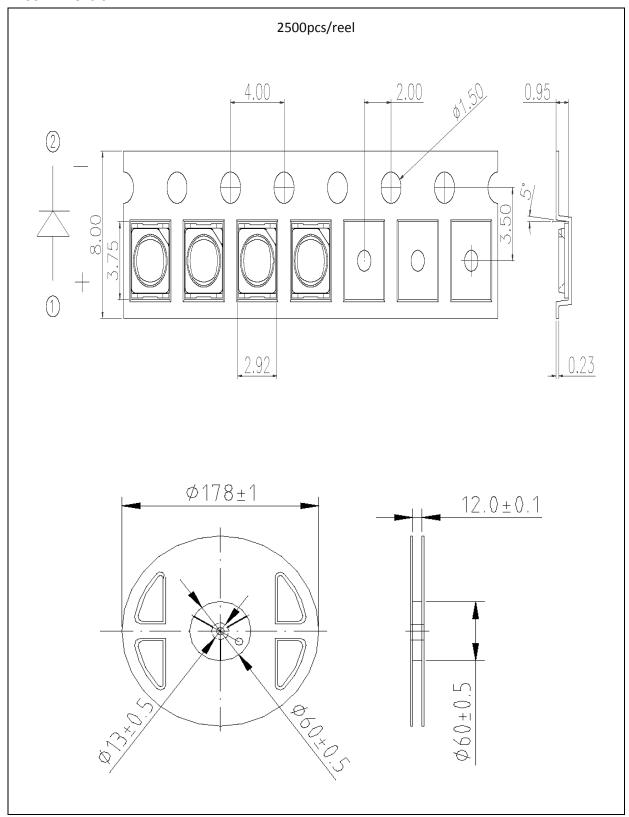
#### Note:

- 1. Recommend reflow temperature 245°C. The maximum soldering temperature should be limited to 260°C.
- 2. Maximum reflow soldering: 2 times.
- 3. Before, during, and after soldering, should not apply stress on the components and PCB board.



# **PACKING SPECIFICATION:**

#### Reel Dimension:





#### **PRECAUTIONS OF USE:**

#### Storage:

It is recommended to store the products in the following conditions:

- Humidity: 60% R.H. Max.
- Temperature: 5°C~30°C (41°F ~86°F).

Shelf life in sealed bag: 12 month at 5°C~30°C and <60% R.H.

Once the package is opened, the products should be used within a week. Otherwise, they should be kept in a damp-proof box with descanting agent and apply baking at 60°C±5°C for 15hrs before use.

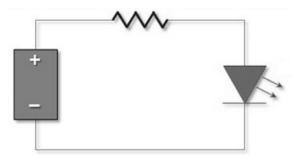
#### Baking:

It is recommended to bake the LED before soldering if the pack has been unsealed for longer than 24hrs. The suggested baking conditions are as followings:

- 70±3°C x 24hrs and <5%RH, taped / reel package.</li>
- 100±3°C x 2hrs, bulk (loose) package.
- 130±3°C x 30min, bulk (loose) package.

It's normal to see slight color fading of carrier (light yellow) after baking in process.

#### **Testing Circuit:**



Must apply resistor(s) for protection (over current proof).

### Cleaning:

Use alcohol-based cleaning solvents such as isopropyl alcohol to clean the LED carrier / package. Avoid putting any stress force directly on to the LED lens.

#### ESD (Electrostatic Discharge):

Static Electricity or power surge will damage the LED. Use of a conductive wrist band or anti-electrosatic glove is recommended when handing the LED all time. All devices, equipment, machinery, work tables, and storage racks must be properly grounded.

In the events of manual working in process, make sure the devices are well protected from ESD at any time.



# **REVISION RECORD:**

Version	Date	Summary of Revision
A1.0	29/07/2015	Datasheet set-up.